UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/31

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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Question	Expected Answers			Additional Guidance	Marks
Record O	BSERVATIONS and NUMERICAL MEAN DE	GREE OF PL	LASMOLYSIS	2PDO recording, 2MMO collection, 2MMO decision.	
	table, AND plasmolysis/numerical (estimate); shows 5 cells recorded per solution; (water) 1 or label; (S1) number more than water or label; (S2) number between S1 and water or label;	(all table) cells drawn between different tex	W or water or 0 and S1 or 1 and S2 or 0.5; Ignore units. Look at mean first (if there) so should be 1 – ignore any decimal places. Numbers mostly 1 if 5 cells recorded.	Mark best table, ignore any additional text or drawings. No outer boundary needed. Any evidence of five cells only, e.g. five drawn per solution or total cells 5 or 1 + 3 + 2 + 1 + 1 1 2 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	[6]
Describe a	and explain observations from water, S1 ar	nd S2.		3 MMO decisions	
1 (a) (ii)	1. high/0 to low/ from higher to lower less negative/0 to more negative wate down water potential gradient 2. (in water) cells turgid/no or slight plas 3. (in S1) cells plasmolysed/flaccid/descr OR (in S2) no/less/capped plasmolysis/de accept cytoplasm/cell membrane pulled accell wall/vacuole shrinks. Reject cell shring	molysis ribed rescribed rescribed rom rescribed	AND by osmosis; AND water has moved in/no net movement/correct idea of water out; AND water moved out; AND no net movement/water moved out;	In correct context. Accept ψ. Solute/osmotic potential is ignored but must be the same as water potential i.e. from high to low so reject pt1 if wrong way. Ignore hypotonic and hypertonic but must be in correct context if used. Ignore 'no change'. Must be correct with the candidate's own results.	
					[3]

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Identify to	wo sources of error in this experiment		2 ACE interpretation	
1 (a) (iii)	Two from difficult to judge degree of plasmolysis, or have to estimate between values for plasmolysis; evaporation from solutions/concentration of solution changes/(S1/S2)diluted by distilled water; (cells) left different times/too short a time/not long enough; AVP; volume/no. of drops used, or different onions, or different parts of onion/not fresh/have been frozen/stored;	Reject just time or just volume alone. Accept different or varied. Reject immersed. Reject should be same time – not an error. Reject air bubbles. Reject amount.	Mark for any correct. Reject improvements. Such as 'should keep time the same, etc.'	[2 max]
Suggest	how you would improve this experiment.	ACE improvements		
1 (a) (iv)	one/more/serial dilution concentration;			
	examples at least 3 in addition to 0.0, 0.5 and 1.0;			
	repeat each concentration/more than one strip (per concentration);	Beware repeat expervariable.	riment with different	
	keep the time the same/give an example of time/longer time;	Reject measuring cy	linder.	
	keep the volume the same AND method/use burette/graduated pipette, or smaller syringe /count no. of drops/AW, or cover solution to prevent evaporation, or immerse in S1 or S2 before mounting;	, ray, sar measuring by		
	same onion/part of onion/fresh onion;	Accept photographs.		[2 may]
	count more cells or more than 5/have more detailed numerical estimates;			[3 max]

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Complet	te the 7	Table 1.2 by calculating the missing values	PDO display		
1 (b) (i)	64 AND 85;		A whole numbers only and both correct		[1]
1 (b) (ii) (Assertage / 60 Plasmolysis (a) 15 to me		taga/so olysis			
	0	x-axis T/temp./temperature AND °C	AND y-axis percentage/% plasmolysis;		[1]
	S/P	scale as shown/x axis must start at 5, allow no 0 and no 100 marked	AND plotting crosses or dot in circle ONLY AND 5 (20), 25(76), 45 and 55 (both 85) plotted correctly; NO cross larger than X or O . Plots 20, 76 must be on horizontal line, both 85's between the horizontal lines. Ignore incorrect calculated mean plots i.e. 15 and 35	Reject blobs in or out of circle.	[1]
	L	either straight lines joining each point or smooth curve; quality – no thicker than not feathery, for the Check 5 to 15 must be connected point to point exactly, be horizontal line. Ignore 25 and 35 unless candidate draws	complete line. by straight line or curve AND 45 to 55 must be a	Reject any extrapolation beyond either axis.	[1]

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State tempe	erature at which 50% plasn	nolysis occurred		ACE interpretation		
1 (b) (iii)	take reading from candidate	e's own graph AND °C;		Allow only 0.0 or 0.5, no decimals must round co		[1]
		al to temperature, draw condevised hypothesis if necessar	clusion and include whether the data			
1 (c)	Draws conclusion: as temp. increases the percentage plasmolysis increases/is proportional; Then one of quotes figs. between 5°C and 55°C and the two %'s OR (increases) up to 35°C or no more plasmolysis after 35°C;	supports hypothesis (reject supports conclusion); (but if rejected because of conclusion then can still have) Then quotes figs between 5°C and 55°C and the two %'s OR (increases) up to 35°C or no more plasmolysis after 35°C;		Reject any ref. to 100% plasmolysis or cells dying/denatures. ACCEPT 35/45 OR BETWEEN, DEPENDING ON THE CANDIDATE'S GRAPH.	IGNORE rate.	[1]
					Total	[21]

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? (a) (i)	sharp, clear unbroken lines,	AND 3 bulges;			errors for first part of
	no cells at least 8 lines across lumen at any point; incomplete ring of cartilage;	AND no shading	AND larger than 6cr	point 1. Ignore additional shaded circles and layer with dashes. NO block shadin layers. Has to have drawn whole speciments.	
		000		Point 1 No more than three errors ringed. Point 3 anywhere n diagram at any point there are 8 ines across.	Xa _i

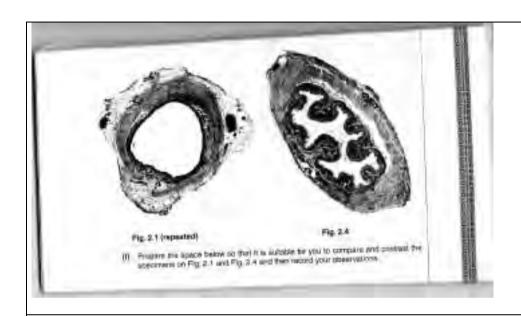
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(a) (ii) E	ormation to calculate the actual ach division on stage scale is 0.1 easurements given e.g. mm. If point 1 wrong then can have any county of the control of t	1 mm = V. First a	and second mark re		11	PDO disp		PDO record	ing,
First Mark No.of eyepiece grat. W 7 15 29/30				<u> </u>					
Second Ma	rk No.of eyepiece grat. Y	8	7	16	7	14	21	32	39
No on stage micrometer Z		9	4	9	2	4	6	9	11
		EITHER Z divided by Y first then proceed and allow multiplication by either V and then W, or W and then V, even though not strictly the correct reasoning. Ignore answer and units. Rej. if additional figs., even if x1.			OR Z x V AND divided by Y. followed by x W. Ignore answer and units. Rej. if additional figs. even if x1. Ignore multiplication for units, even metres.				
Fourth Mark	Need NOT be the correct					with) mm.			

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Suggest	how an error in measuring the width of the lumen could occur.	1 Ace inte	rpretation	
2 (a) (iii)	Not knowing where the edge is Or lumen or shape irregular shape or not circular	Ignore parallax error.	Any lumen as question does not specify this lumen.	
	Or preparation squashed			
	Or only 1 measurement			
	Or thickness of lines (stage micrometer)		Reject thickness of scale and	
	Or (lumen) between divisions on eyepiece graticule		Reject thickness of scale and lines on eyepiece graticule.	
	Or focussing of both scales (NOT specimen)			
	Or lining up the scales.			[1]

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Compare and contrast specimens Fig 2.1 and 2.4.

2 (b) (i) Organised as a table/venn diagram/ruled boxes connected, correctly headed; comparative statements opposite each other/in one sentence;

	Fig. 2.1	Fig. 2.4
Both have	lumen;	
Inner layer/membrane/wall or lumen shape	smooth/rounded,	folded/irregular/ lobed;
lumen	larger/wider or smalle Allow either way roun	
Overall shape positive statement on both sides	triangular/ rounded circular,	oval AW;
Cartilage/C shape (layer)	present/has,	none/no;
contents	nothing/no,	filled/has;

2 MMO collection 1 PDO recording 2 ACE interpretation

;	If named headings only e.g. artery/vein then reject.	[1]
	Then 3 for showing comparative statements if correct + lumen + larger difference.	[1]
	Most pairs of statements are comparative.	[1]
	Must have at least 1 similarity. Accept hollow/cavity/space IGNORE tubular (in question) any ref. to cells or cilia as not visible. Uses tissue names and lighter/darker and 3-D descriptors e.g. spherical. Allow two drawings correctly headed with	
	correct annotations. Ignore 'no hollow'.	Max 2 for differences

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Both inv	olved in transport. State one observation that relates to this function.	ACE conclusion		
2 (b) (ii)	lumen/space/cavity/are hollow/tubular;			[1]
Make a labelled drawing of 5 representative cells that are close together.		1MMO collection, 3 MMO decisions		1 1
2 (c)	1 group of 5 complete lacunae on fig. 2.5; line drawn around any lacuna; shape/relative size/position of 2 nuclei compares well with those in their marked group; label lines to nucleus plus one from: cytoplasm/lacunae/chondrocyte/chondroblast/matrix;	Allow 5 separate circles but if these are joined as one circle, it will only contain five complete lacunae. Ignore part lacunae. Ignore shading. Accept the best two. Accept nucleous. Reject if second 'l'.	Reject if not drawn 5 lacunae.	
		making Of	- Latuna (as) - nucleus Raint nucleous Roman nucleous Roman	
	Fig. 2.5			[4